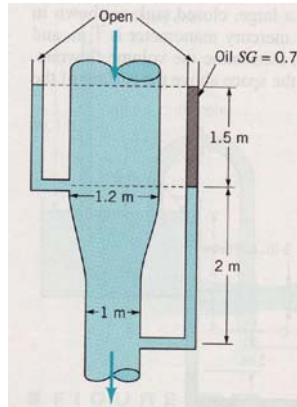


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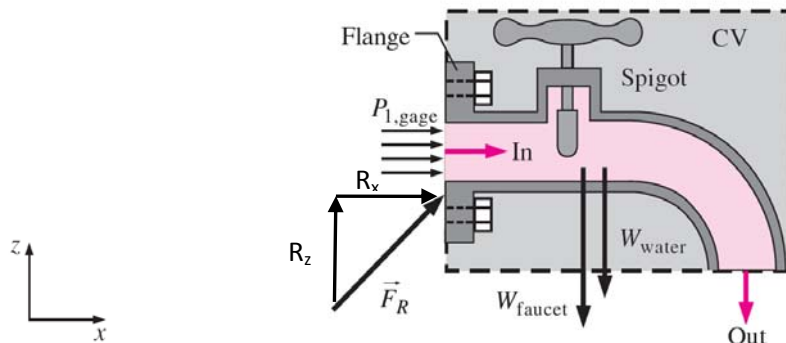
Midterm 1  
 Course: 58:160, Fall 2009

Time: 50 minutes

1. Water flows steadily downward in the pipe shown in figure with negligible losses. Determine the flow rate. ( $\rho_{\text{water}}=1000\text{kg/m}^3$ )



2. Water flows at a rate of  $0.001\text{m}^3/\text{s}$  through a flanged faucet with a partially closed gate valve spigot. The inner diameter of the pipe at the location of the flange is 2 cm, and the pressure at that location is measured to be 30 KPa. The total weight of the faucet assembly plus the water within it is 6 N. Calculate the horizontal and vertical  $R_z$  forces on the flange. ( $\rho_{\text{water}}=1000\text{kg/m}^3$ )



3. A large lawn sprinkler with four identical arms is to be converted into a turbine to generate electric power by attaching a generator to its rotating head, as shown in figure. Water enters the sprinkler from the base along the axis of rotation at a rate of  $0.02\text{ m}^3/\text{s}$  and leaves the nozzles in the tangential direction. The sprinkler rotates at a rate of 300 rpm in a horizontal plane. The diameter of each jet is 1 cm, and the normal distance between the axis of rotation and the center of each nozzle is 0.6 m. Estimate the electric power produced. ( $\rho_{\text{water}}=1000\text{kg/m}^3$ )

